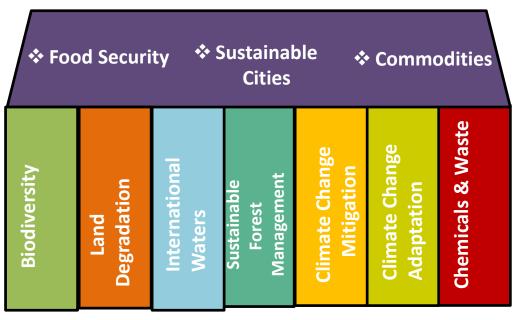


GEF 6 Programming Directions

Expanded Constituency Workshop

Dead Sea, Jordan September 09-10, 2015

GEF-6 Programming



20 Aichi Biodiversity Targets

Strategic goal A. Address the underlying causes of biodiversity loss

- Target 1: By 2020, People are aware of the values of biodiversity and the steps they can take to conserve and use it sustainably.
- Target 2: By 2020, biodiversity values are integrated into national and local development and poverty reduction strategies and planning processes and national accounts ...
- Target 3: By 2020, incentives, including subsidies, harmful to biodiversity are eliminated, phased out or reformed
- Target 4: By 2020, Governments, business and stakeholders have plans for sustainable production and consumption and keep the impacts resource use within safe ecological limits.

Strategic goal B. Reduce the direct pressures on biodiversity and promote sustainable use

- Target 5: By 2020, the rate of loss of all natural habitats, including forests, is at least halved and where feasible brought close to zero, and degradation and fragmentation is significantly reduced.
- Target 6: By 2020 all stocks managed and harvested sustainably, so that overfishing is avoided.
- Target 7: By 2020 areas under agriculture, aquaculture and forestry are managed sustainably, ensuring conservation of biodiversity.
- Target 8: By 2020, pollution, including from excess nutrients, has been brought to levels that are not detrimental to ecosystem function and biodiversity.
- Target 9: By 2020, invasive alien species and pathways are identified and prioritized, priority species are controlled or eradicated, and measures are in place to manage pathways to prevent their introduction and establishment.
- Target 10: By 2015, the multiple anthropogenic pressures on coral reefs, and other vulnerable ecosystems impacted by climate change or ocean acidification are minimized, so as to maintain their integrity and functioning.

Strategic goal C: To improve the status of biodiversity by safeguarding ecosystems, species and genetic diversity

- Target 11: By 2020, at least 17 per cent of terrestrial and inland water, and 10 per cent of coastal and marine areas are conserved through systems of protected areas.....
- Target 12: By 2020 the extinction of known threatened species has been prevented and their conservation status, particularly of those most in decline, has been improved and sustained.
- Target 13: By 2020, the genetic diversity of cultivated plants and farmed and domesticated animals and of wild relatives is maintained,

Strategic goal D: Enhance the benefits to all from biodiversity and ecosystem services

- Target 14: By 2020, ecosystems that provide essential services, including services are restored and safeguarded,
- Target 15: By 2020, ecosystem resilience and the contribution of biodiversity to carbon stocks has been enhanced, through conservation and restoration, including restoration of at least 15 per cent of degraded ecosystems,
- Target 16: By 2015, the Nagoya Protocol on Access and Benefits Sharing is in force and operational

Strategic goal E. Enhance implementation through participatory planning, knowledge management and capacity building

- Target 17: By 2015 each Party has developed, adopted as a policy instrument, and has commenced implementing an effective, participatory and updated NBSAP.
- Target 18: By 2020, the traditional knowledge, innovations and practices of indigenous and local communities and their customary use, are respected.
- Target 19: By 2020, knowledge, the science base and technologies relating to biodiversity, its values, functioning, status and trends, and the consequences of its loss, are improved, widely shared and transferred, and applied.
- Target 20: By 2020, the mobilization of financial resources for effectively implementing the Strategic Plan for Biodiversity 2011-2020 from all sources,, should increase substantially.



GLOBAL ENVIRONMENT FACILITY

INVESTING IN OUR PLANET

GEF-6 Biodiversity Strategy

Goal: To maintain globally significant biodiversity and the ecosystem goods and services that it provides to society

BD1: Improve Sustainability of Protected Area Systems BD 2: Reduce Threats to Globally Significant Biodiversity

BD 3: Sustainably Use Biodiversity BD4: Mainstream Biodiversity Conservation and Sustainable Use into Production Landscapes/ Seascapes and Sectors



3. Preventing the

extinction of known

threatened species

4. Prevention, control,

- 1. Improving financial sustainability and effective management of the national ecological infrastructure
 - and management of invasive alien species.
 - 5. Implementing the Cartagena Protocol of Biosafety

- 6. Ridge to Reef+: Maintaining integrity and function of globally significant coral reefs
- 7. Securing
 Agriculture's Future:
 Sustainable use of
 plant and animal
 genetic resources
- 8. Implementing the Nagoya Protocol on Access and Benefit Sharing.

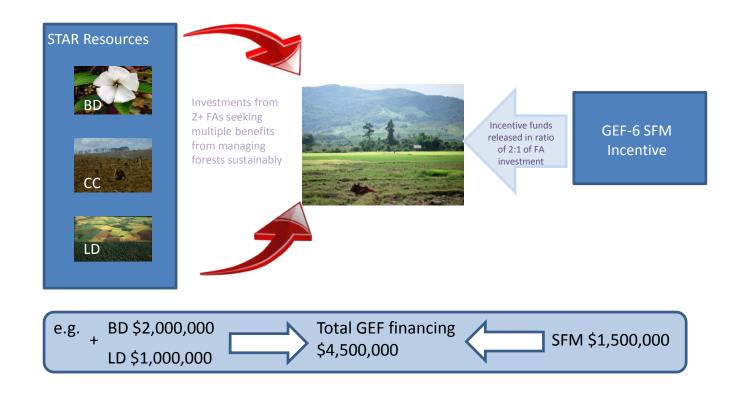
- 9. Managing the human-biodiversity interface
- 10. Integration of biodiversity and ecosystem services into development and finance planning

2 . Nature's Last Stand: Expanding the reach of the global protected area estate.



GEF 6 Programming Sustainable Forest Management Strategy

How The Incentive Mechanism Works



Sustainable Forest Management GEF-6 Strategy

Goal: To achieve multiple environmental, social and economic benefits from improved management of all types of forests and trees outside of forests.

SFM 1: To maintain forest resources

SFM 2: To enhance forest management

SFM 3: To restore forest ecosystems

SFM 4: To increase regional and global cooperation









- · Integrated land use planning
- Identification and monitoring of HCVF
- Identifying and monitoring forest loss
- Developing and implementing model projects for PES
- Capacity development for SFM within local communities
- Supporting sustainable finance mechanisms for SFM
- Building of technical and institutional capacities to identify degraded forest landscapes and monitor forest restoration
- Integrating plantation management in landscape restoration
- Private sector engagement
- Global technologies for national progress



GEF 6 Programming Land Degradation Strategy

Land Degradation GEF-6 Strategy

Goal: To arrest or reverse land degradation (desertification and deforestation)

LD 1: Agriculture and Rangeland **Systems**

LD 2: **Forest** Landscapes

LD 3: **Integrated** Landscapes

LD 4: Institutional and Policy **Frameworks**

1. Agro-ecological Intensification efficient use of natural capital (land, soil, water, and vegetation) in crop and livestock production systems

3. Landscape **Management** and Restoration community and livelihoodbased options for increasing forest and tree

cover

4. Scaling-up Sustainable Land Management (SLM)

moving appropriate interventions to scale for crop and rangeland productivity

5. Mainstreaming SLM in **Development** – influencing and governance

2. SLM in Climate-**Smart Agriculture –** innovative practices for increasing vegetative cover and soil organic carbon

institutions, policies, frameworks for SLM



GEF 6 Programming International Waters

International Waters Focal Area

- **➢** GEF − largest financier of international waters (IW):
 - √ 33 transboundary river basins
 - √ 10 transboundary lakes
 - √ 7 transboundary groundwater systems
 - ✓ 23 of the Earth's 66 large marine ecosystems (LME)
 - Working with more than 170 nations
 - Approximately \$1.4 billion / \$8.4 billion in co-financing
- ➤ Focus: joint management of shared water systems to balance competing uses and enabling sharing of benefits from their utilization.







International Waters GEF- 6 Strategy

<u>Goal</u>: To promote collective management of transboundary water systems and implementation of the full range of policy, legal and institutional reforms and investments contributing to sustainable use and maintenance of ecosystem services

Objective 1:

Catalyze Sustainable
Management of
Transboundary
Waters

- 1. Foster Cooperation for Sustainable use of Transboundary Water Systems & Economic Growth
- 2. Increase Resilience & Flow of Ecosystems Services in Context of Melting High Altitude Glaciers

Objective 2:

Balance Competing
Water-uses in the
Management of
Transboundary
Surface and
Groundwater

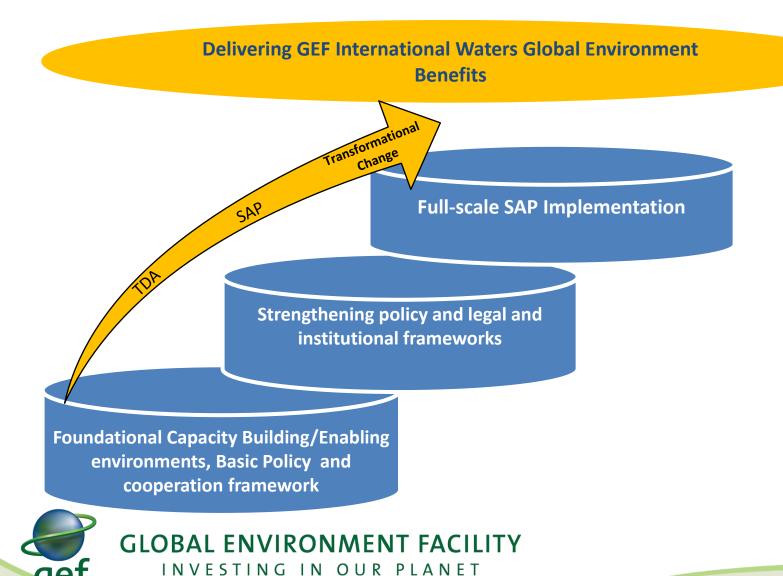
- 3. Advance
 Conjunctive
 Management of
 Surface &
 Groundwater systems
- 4. Water/Food/
 Energy/
 Ecosystem Security
 Nexus

Objective 3:

Rebuild Marine
Fisheries, Restore and
Protect Coastal
Habitats, and Reduce
Pollution of Coasts
and LMEs

- 5. Reduce Ocean Hypoxia
 - **6.** Prevent the Loss and Degradation of Coastal **Habitats**
 - **7.** Foster Sustainable **Fisheries**

GEF IW investments through series of interventions





GLOBAL ENVIRONMENT FACILITY INVESTING IN OUR PLANET